

Sample Topics: Some Turning Points in History: People, Ideas, Events

SOME TURNING POINTS IN HISTORY: PEOPLE, IDEAS, EVENTS:

- Reign of Terror: Radicalization of the French Revolution
- The Treaty of Versailles in 1918 and its Consequences
- Valley Forge and the Development of the Continental Army
- The Continental Association and the Coming of the American Revolution
- John Maynard Keynes and the influence of Keynesian Economics
- *Brown v. Board of Education* and the integration of American Schools
- Federal Power and the Case of *McCulloch v. Maryland*
- *Plessy v. Ferguson* and the Growth of Jim Crow
- Eleanor of Aquitaine's Pivotal Role in the High Middle Ages
- Ronald Reagan and the Resurgence of Conservatism in America
- The Effects of the Fall of Constantinople
- William the Conqueror and the Course of English History
- The Interstate Highway Act of 1956 and the Growth of Suburban America
- Martin Luther's 95 Theses and the Coming of the Protestant Reformation
- Turning Points of the Korean War: China's Entry
- The International Women's Day Strike in Petrograd: Spark of the Russian Revolution
- The Impact of Buddha's Teaching on India
- Ptolemy's Conquest of Egypt and the Growth of Kushite Civilization
- Consequences of the Recapture of Jerusalem by Salah ah Din
- Television in the 1950s and the Transformation of American Entertainment
- Genghis Khan and the Pax Mongolia
- Battle of Sekigahara and the Rise of Tokugawas
- Invention of the Spinning Jenny and the Rise of the Textile Industry
- The Great Migration of African Americans to the North and its Consequences
- The Russo-Japanese War: Introduction of Japan as a World Power
- First Victory of the Women's Suffrage Movement: Norwegian Women Gain the Right to Vote
- The Fall of the Berlin Wall and the Decline of the Soviet Empire
- The Transformative Impact of the Printing Press
- Bacon's Rebellion and the Transformation of Virginia
- Effects of the Crusades on Medieval Europe
- King Phillip's War and its Impact
- *Ms. Magazine* and the growth of the Feminist Movement
- 1492: A New World for America and Europe
- The Third Punic War and the End of Carthage
- Revocation of the Edict of Nantes and the Huguenot Migration
- Publication of the Koran and the Expansion of Islam
- Mary Wollstonecraft and the Early Women's Rights Movement
- Prince Henry the Navigator and Portugal's Exploration of Africa
- Irish Potato Famine and the Irish Diaspora
- Clovis and the Unification of France
- Midway: Turning the Tide in the Pacific War
- Walter Reed and the Conquest of Yellow Fever
- The Civilian Conservation Corps: Savior of Young Men
- The Treaty of Guadalupe Hidalgo and the Coming of the Civil War

- The Impact of the Erie Canal
- Changing Middle East Politics: The Rise of OPEC
- The Sinking of the USS Maine and the Beginning of the Spanish American War
- The Great Railroad Strike of 1877 and the American Labor Movement
- Walt Disney and Mickey Mouse: A Cultural Transformation
- The Beatles and the British Invasion
- The Ayatollah Khomeini and the Islamic Revolution in Iran
- Roger Williams and the Separation of Church and State
- Watergate and the Weakening of the Presidency

- Breaking the Barrier: Jackie Robinson
- The Keating-Owen Act and Child Labor
- Birth of a Sugar-Planting Colony: The Dutch Occupation of Brazil
- The Great Fire of London and its Aftermath
- Harvard: First College of the Colonies
- Brigham Young and the Mormon Migration to Utah
- Samuel Gompers and the Founding of the American Federation of Labor
- The Marshall Plan and the Reconstruction of Postwar Europe

- The Homestead Act and the Settlement of the West
- Ho Chi Minh: Revolutionary Leader
- Henry Ford: Changing the Production Model
- The Tet Offensive and American Public Opinion
- Sears Roebuck Catalogue and the Rise of Mass Consumerism
- Rachael Carson's Silent Spring and the Growth of the Environmental Movement
- The Impact of Sigmund Freud on Psychiatric Practice
- Gorbachev, Glasnost and Perestroika: The Trifecta for the Soviet Union
- Lech Walesa and the Gdanska Shipyard Strike: The Rise of Solidarity
- Curt Flood and Free Agency Baseball
- Harry Truman: Changing the Way We Fight War and the Dropping of the Bomb

The image shows the front page of The New York Times from Tuesday, May 18, 1954. The masthead at the top reads 'The New York Times' in a large, gothic-style font, with 'LATE CITY EDITION' on the right and 'NEW YORK, TUESDAY, MAY 18, 1954' at the bottom center. The main headline is 'HIGH COURT BANS SCHOOL SEGREGATION; 9-TO-0 DECISION GRANTS TIME TO COMPLY'. Below it is a sub-headline: 'McCarthy Hearing Off a Week as Eisenhower Bars Report'. The page is filled with various news articles, including 'COMMUNIST ARMS UNLOADED IN GUATEMALA', 'SOVIET BIDS VIENNA CEASE INTRIGUES', 'CITY COLLEGES' BOARD CAN'T PICK CHAIRMAN', 'TAX PROJECTS DIE IN ESTIMATE BOARD', 'BEER LEVY AND MORE PAYROLL COLLECTIONS KILLED—PAYROLL IMPOST \$80 WAGED', 'MORRETTIS' LAWYER RULING TO FIGURE MUST BARE TALKS IN '54 CAMPAIGN', 'JEREMY COURT ORDERS COUNSEL DIVULGE DATA TO GRAND JURY', and 'DECISION TIED TO EISENHOWER—RUSSELL LEADS SOUTHERNERS IN CRITICISM OF COURT'. A photograph on the right side shows Chief Justice Warren with other justices, with a caption: 'Chief Justice Warren and other justices in the Supreme Court building in Washington, D.C., after the 9-0 decision on school segregation.' The page also includes a small map of the Caribbean region and a 'REACTION OF SOUTH' section.

SEGREGATION HEADLINE, 1954. Front page of The New York Times, 18 May 1954, announcing the Supreme Court decision in the *Brown v. Board of Education* school segregation case. The Granger Collection, NYC — All rights reserved.